

COVID-19

Supplementary Program

Supplementary | COVID-19

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Introduction

We all must take a role in stopping the spread of this disease, including management, contractors, workers and suppliers. By following the COVID-19 supplementary program, you will lower your risk and costs associated with the outbreak.

This information is not intended to provide medical advice. If you have medical questions, consult a health practitioner or your local public health unit.

This is a temporary program while there are COVID-19 cases in the local area.

Roles and Responsibilities

Management

- Responsible for communication with employees on the relevant status of cases within the organization, or cases which may affect the organization.
- Actively encourage sick employees to stay home and not come to work until they are free of fever and other symptom for 14 days.
- If an employee is sick upon arriving to work or become sick during the day or have symptoms send immediately home.
- Workers who have symptoms of COVID-19 (cough, fever, sore throat, difficulty breathing, sneezing) or who have had these symptoms in the past 10 days.
- Workers who have travelled internationally. In these cases, they must remain away from the workplace for at least 14 days.
- Workers who live with or have been in close contact with someone with COVID-19 (presumed or confirmed) within the past 14 days.
- Workers who have been exposed to anyone confirmed to have COVID-19, or to anyone with possible symptoms of COVID-19
- Promote limited face to face interactions suggest using webinars, phone calls or emails instead.

Note: See Appendix below for Assessments tools

Contractors

- Contractors are responsible for reviewing the procedures and implementing practices that prevent the transmission of COVID -19 for the subtrades working for them.
- Contractor supervisors are required to verify, at start of shift, that their workers are healthy, fit for work and to the best of their knowledge, free of any symptoms or restrictions associated with COVID-19 in accordance with "COVID-19 SYMPTOM SELF ASSESSMENT TOOL"
- Contractors supervisors must provide each day an attendance list of workers onsite electronically to the site safety Officer.
- Inform their employees to protect their own health and that of all other persons (contractors, employees, visitors).
- Actively encourage sick employees to stay home and not come to work until they are free of fever and other symptom for at least 14 days.
- If an employee is sick upon arriving to work or become sick during the day or have symptoms send immediately home.
- Ensure social distancing (at least 2 metres / 6 feet distance) between individuals.

Note: Contractors are required to appoint someone at each site responsible for monitoring their workers for compliance with site COVID Prevention Procedures.

Note: See Appendix below for Assessments tools

Workers

- Completed a DAILY COVID-19 SYMPTOM SELF ASSESSMENT
- Take reasonable care to protect their own health and that of all other persons (contractors, employees, visitors).
- Stay home from work if you or any of your household show symptoms and inform your management and call a local health care professional or the public health authority in the province.
- Maintain hygiene including frequently washing, or disinfecting hands, maintain social distance and not touching your face, eyes or nose.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth.
- Cough or sneeze into a tissue or the bend of your arm, not your hand.
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces, use alcohol-based hand sanitizer if soap and water are not available or not possible.
- Do not share personal items or supplies such as phones, pens, notebooks, PPE, iPad, etc.
- Refrain from shaking hands with others.
- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, especially after going to the bathroom and before eating.
- Ensure social distancing (at least 2 metres / 6 feet distance) between individuals.

Note: See Appendix below for Assessments tools

Suppliers

- Take reasonable care to protect their own health and that of all other persons (contractors, employees, visitors).
- Maintain hygiene including frequently washing, or disinfecting hands, maintain social distance and not touching your face, eyes or nose.
- Access and delivery locations should be clearly identified.
- All visitors and suppliers should disinfect or wash their hands.
- Access is limited and restricted to entrances. No traffic without permission.
- No contact or transfer of paper. Suppliers ask for the name of the person who receives the materials no signatures required. The deliverer personnel should be taking precautions or wearing gloves and must be aware of the social distance to be respected (2 metres / 6 feet).
- When packages or material are opened or moved to a different location, please be cautious and respect all the preventive measures, namely: wearing the proper PPE and always washing hands after unloading materials.
- Note: See Appendix below for Assessments tools

Recognizing Symptoms

The best defense against COVID-19 is informing employees that they can stay at home if they feel sick.

If employee(s) have any of the following symptoms:

- Severe difficulty breathing (e.g. struggling to breathe or speaking in single words)
- Severe chest pain
- Having a very hard time waking up
- Feeling confused
- Losing consciousness
- Cough
- Sneezing
- Fever
- Sore Throat
- Other symptoms: Muscle aches, fatigue, headache, loss of appetite, chills, runny nose, nausea and vomiting, diarrhea, loss of sense of smell or taste

It may indicate they have COVID-19. Check in with employee(s) with employees who exhibit the following symptoms.

Guidance to construction sites operating during COVID-19

There should be no more than 50 people in the same space in any circumstances.

Where possible employees should maintain a distance of 2 metres apart from each other.

- Post signage that limits the number of occupants in any elevator and units to four people at a time.
- Reduce in-person meetings and other gatherings and hold site meetings in open spaces or outside.
- Increase the number of handwashing stations and post signage that identifies their location.
- Maintain a list of employees that are currently working on sites and update this list daily.
- All common areas and surfaces should be cleaned at the end of each day. Examples include
- washrooms, shared offices, common tables, desks, light switches, and door handles.
- Anyone with COVID-19 like symptoms such as sore throat, fever, sneezing, or coughing must
- self-isolate at home for 14 days.

Site Access

- Post signs at all site entrances that say, "Site Sign in/out by texting site safety officer.
- Site supervisor to update sign-in log regularly throughout the day to know who is at site.
- All site orientations to be done verbally without signature outside the job shack.
- No transfer of papers. Site supervisor to sign on their behalf.

Safety Coordinator

- Review with Contractor COVID Prevention Procedures.
- Conduct regular inspections of the worksite to monitor adherence to COVID Prevention Procedures and record inspection findings.
- Review and store self-assessments in accordance with privacy considerations.
- Document Contractor attendance issues.
- Monitor cleaning to verify that approved products and procedures are being followed.
- Inspect wash stations and hand sanitization stations to verify that they are adequately stocked and posters explaining hand washing and hand sanitization are posted.
- Post and inspect other signage to verify that it is located in correct location and in good order.
- Verify that First Aid trailers have the necessary safety equipment and are using it correctly.
- Investigating any reports of workers that are not complying with procedures or concerns for workers health. Coordinate with our Superintendent and Contractors Supervisor / Contractors safety REP.
- Refer any issues or concerns to Superintendent and OH&S Manager.
- Immediately report and investigate presumed and confirmed cases of COVID 19 with the assistance of Superintendent and OH&S Manger.
- Review and instruct project staff in this procedure and other COVID-19 documentation.
- Monitor this procedure and other documents for updates and assist Supervisor in disseminating that information to Contractors and workers.

Site Orientation

- Before providing an orientation have workers complete the Self-Assessment tool.
- As part of the verbal orientation, review:
- what is social distancing of 2 M (6 ½ ft.)
- location of hand washing and hand sanitization stations and the frequency that they are expected to clean their hands.
- location of posters and other communications
- site specific procedures for hoists, stairwells, etc.
- what we are doing at the site to promote a safe workplace and remind them that their health is important to us.
- the importance of reporting to their supervisor if they are feeling unwell and leaving the project.

Site Meetings

- Safety and toolbox meetings to be held outside, with appropriate social distancing.
- No signatures or transfer of documents. Site Supervisor signs on their behalf.
- Hazard assessment's and other paper submission documents boxes to be moved outside with two boxes Documents can be retrieved 24 hours later.
- When arranging necessary inspections from consultants or authorities having jurisdiction, indicate to them they will not be allowed to visit our site if they are showing any signs of being sick.
- Meetings should be held in the area where an individual works, instead of a large gathering point;
- For all remaining in person gatherings, and in work environments in general, participants should exercise recommended practices for reducing the risk of transmission as identified by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Health Canada and the World Health Organization.

Site Hygiene

- Surfaces (e.g. desks and tables, workstations) and objects (e.g. telephones, keyboards, tools) need to be wiped with disinfectant regularly.
- Provide employees with disinfectant wipes to wipe down doorknobs, and other frequently used areas, before or after use.
- Provide easy to access garbage bins with plastic lining.
- Promote regular and thorough handwashing by employees, contractors and suppliers.
- Put sanitizing hand rub dispensers in prominent places around the workplace. Make sure these dispensers are regularly refilled.
- Make sure that staff, contractors and customers have access to places where they can wash their hands with soap and water.
- Promote good respiratory hygiene in the workplace
- Display posters promoting respiratory hygiene. Combine this with other communication measures such as offering guidance from occupational health and safety officers and during toolbox talks.

• Ensure that face masks (Ordinary surgical face masks rather than N95 face masks) and / or paper tissues are available at your workplaces, for those who develop a runny nose or cough at work, along with closed bins for hygienically disposing of them.

Stairwells

- Controlling traffic patterns where practicable designate only up and only down stairwells
- or in / out gates, this avoids the potential for workers to pass each other within the social distancing space.

If workers have only a single means of access to their work areas, they need to observe protocols to prevent them from violating the social distancing. Those may include:

- Calling out and communicating that they have entered the stair and are proceeding up / down and thus warn people to prevent them from entering the stairwell until they have passed.
- Staging outside stair entrances until it is clear for them to enter.
- Stopping outside the social distancing area if they are approaching another worker and discussing how they will pass while maintaining social distancing.

Project Offices/Trailers

Project offices and trailers are off limits to people that do not belong in them. The close quarters in a trailer may be a challenge to maintain social distancing. Hold discussion outside where practicable. Make use of vacant offices / trailers to redistribute staff to limit contact. The following applies:

- Post "Restricted Access" signage on door with contact information (phone #).
- Keep the door locked to prevent access.
- Restrict the number of people who are allowed to enter these offices to social distancing allowances.
- If you are a visitor in an office or trailer do not touch things If possible keep your hands in your pockets or to yourself. Disinfect anything touched by the visitor prior to use.
- Do not share keyboard or mouse, pens, clipboards or documents.
- Disinfect commonly touched items like door handles, chairs, tables, stair handrails, etc.

Lunchrooms

Lunchrooms are places where there is a potential for people to come to contact with each other or contaminated surfaces. The following applies:

- Post social distancing signage to remind workers to keep their distance.
- Post signage to remind workers to wash or disinfect their hands before and after eating.
- Stagger coffee/lunch breaks to reduce the number of workers in the lunchroom at the same time.
- Organize chairs and stagger seating arrangement to maintain social distancing or take lunch and coffee outside
- Remove garbage often.
- Clean and disinfect tables, microwaves and other commonly handled items between workers/ lunch shifts.
- If air circulation is a concern install negative air units and vent outside lunchroom.
- Separate PPE and clothing that is hung up in the lunchroom to avoid touching.
- Workers intending to take work clothing home should place it in a plastic bag and not remove it until it goes into the laundry to be washed ideally separately.

First Aid Treatment

Report workplace injuries to the First Aid Attendant (FAA). As a precaution the FAA will wear N95 mask or ½ mask respirator, face shield and medical gloves when treating workers.

As part of the FAA injury assessment the FAA will reconfirm the status of the workers' health in accordance with the self-assessment questions.

If workers are feeling unwell or exhibiting symptoms of COVID -19 They need to inform their Supervisor ASAP. If they are fit enough to leave the project and arrive home safely, they should go home and follow the Public Health Authorities instructions for reporting self -isolating and treatment.

Cleaning and Disinfecting

Conduct routine daily cleaning of hard non-porous surfaces throughout construction sites including: site office trailers, lunchrooms, orientation and meeting rooms, first aid rooms, stair railings, scaffold stair railings. Routine cleaning will be completed according to our Safe Work Procedure: Surface Cleaning for

Regular cleaning of worksite equipment

Properly clean your offices, trailers, containers, workshops and other facilities. The frequency of cleaning each work area and surface depends on the number of people who use it, the duration of use, and the presence of any objects which people might handle with their bare hands. Examples of surfaces that should be cleaned daily include equipment cabinets, planning boards, remotes, battery chargers, and shared tools. "High-touch" surfaces should be cleaned and disinfected every work shift. Some examples of high-touch surfaces include:

- Doorknobs and push bars
- Coffee makers and water fountains
- Shared radios and phones
- Handrails
- Toilet flush handles
- Chemical toilets; you should also place wash stations or, at a minimum, hand sanitizers

- outside the door
- Refrigerator door handles
- Conference/meeting room surfaces (for example, tabletops, chairs, PC cables, markers) and
- Telephones
- Elevator buttons, an alcohol-based hand sanitizer bottle to be accessible inside the elevator
- with hand wipes or alcohol-based hand wipes to clean the buttons prior to each use o Copiers and fax machines.

Personal keyboards, desks, heavy equipment controls, mobile phones, and small personal tools are frequently used only by one or two people; therefore, they may be cleaned less often.

Frequent cleaning of tools, PPE and equipment

Materials such as wood, rebar and pipes, temporary structures such as formwork and braces, and even shared tools such as drills, crowbars, and saws should be handled with gloves and are rarely touched with bare hands. Thus, they require cleaning but do not need to be disinfected. However, gloves can only protect when they are worn; removing and then putting them back on can cause cross-contamination. Think about cleaning, storing, and replacing your gloves.

If tools are required to be shared person to person, a thorough cleaning with a disinfectant containing more than 70% alcohol is recommended.

Worker Transportation

- Managing worker transportation so that two workers are not required to travel in a single vehicle.
- Employers should assess the number of workers being transported at any one given time and employ measures to ensure distance between workers is maintained.
- Whenever possible, workers should travel alone in their vehicles in order to practice physical distancing.
- Measures that may be taken to ensure appropriate distance include having workers sit one to a seat, with riders staggered to allow maximum distance, adjusting the number of workers taken per trip, and the overall number of trips needed to transport workers to a worksite. It may mean using larger vehicles to ensure maximum spacing or using multiple vehicles.
- If it is not possible to ensure 2 metres of distance between workers in a vehicle through these measures, the employer must consider other control measures, such as PPE where appropriate.
- Employers should have hand washing facilities or sanitizing stations available to workers as they enter and exit the vehicle.
- Employers must ensure that high contact surfaces within the vehicle are routinely cleaned. These include seatbelts, headrests, door handles, steering wheels, and hand holds.

Vehicles and Equipment	Exposure to SARS-CoV-2 on surfaces.	2	В	MEDIUM	Wipe down with cleaner: door handles, steering wheel, seatbelt connectors and other touch surfaces Wash your hands	2	c	LOW
Carpooling to work	Exposure to SARS-CoV-2 through contact with people	2	В	MEDIUM	• Find alternate means of transportation to work to maintain 2 meters (6.5 feet)	2	c	LOW

When Physical Distancing is NOT possible

Supervisor

First, consider whether the task is truly essential currently:

- Can the task be delayed?
- Can it be safely done in another way?
- Can the number of workers involved be reduced?

If the task is considered essential and cannot be delayed, then use the following procedures: Workers:

This work should not be completed by workers who are at higher risk of complications due to COVID-19.

This includes:

- Workers who are over the age of 60.
- Workers with chronic health conditions including diabetes, heart disease and lung disease.
- Workers who are immunocompromised.
- Only workers who are at a lower risk of transmitting COVID-19 should complete this work.
- Use the Health Screening Tool before allowing workers to do task. Do not permit workers to do the task if they meet the following criteria: Last Page

Procedure

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

All workers who cannot maintain physical distance (2 meters, 6.5 ft) should use PPE including:

- N95 or half-face respirator with P95 or P100 filters.
- Where possible half-face respirators with P95 or P100 are preferred since they are more protective and N95 are used by health care workers and are in short supply.
- Disposable nitrile gloves.
- Safety glasses.
- Tyvek suits.
- Workers must be trained on how to properly don (put on), use, and doff (take off) PPE; how to properly dispose of or disinfect, inspect for damage, maintain PPE, and the limitations of PPE.
- Fit testing must be completed for workers wearing half mask respirator and/or N95 masks.
- Workers must be clean-shaven when using respirators/masks.
- For further information on respirator use, see CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.4-18, Selection, use, and care of respirators.
- Provide a plastic disposal bag for disposal of consumables (N95 masks, nitrile gloves, cleaning wipes). Seal the disposal bag and store it with other garbage.
- Dispose of N95 masks and Nitrile gloves after use in the disposal bag.
- Sanitize glasses and half mask respirators using disposable wipes. Dispose of disposable wipes in the disposal bag.
- When task is complete store reusable PPE and coveralls (if used) in a separate area to ensure no cross contamination between PPE belonging to different workers.

Handwashing

- Provide a handwashing or hand sanitizing station that is easily accessible for the affected workers
- Wash hands thoroughly when gloves are removed and at the end of the task for which less than 2 meters of distance is required.
- Wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. When soap and running water are unavailable, use an alcohol-based hand rub with at least 60% alcohol. Always wash hands that are visibly soiled.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, or mouth with bare or gloved hands.
- When task is completed ensure the tools that were used are cleaned and disinfected.

Health Screening Tool

Each person will be asked 4 questions:

PROCEDURES FOR A COVID-19 CASE ON SITE (PRESUMED OR CONFIRMED)

What to do when someone who has been on site is presumed to have COVID-19 Follow these procedures and flow chart if someone on site meets any of the following criteria:

- 1. Has been tested for COVID-19 within 10 days of being on site.
- 2. Has tested positive for COVID-19 within 10 days of being on site.
- 3. Has developed symptoms of COVID-19 within 10 days of being on site (cough, fever, sneezing, sore throat, fatigue).

This individual will be referred to as the "presumptive case".

When can the presumptive case return to site?

The presumptive should not be permitted back on site until the they no longer experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 AND 14 days have passed since they developed symptoms.

If the presumptive case is hospitalized or otherwise under the care of a medical professional, they should not return to work until the medical professionals determine that it is appropriate.

How should we clean the site?

Clean and disinfect all touch-surfaces in the area where the presumptive case was present.

Follow the BCCSA procedures for Enhanced Cleaning and Disinfection.

If the presumptive case has tested positive for COVID-19 consider using a specialized biohazard remediation abatement company for professional disinfection.

Should other teams or workers be isolated?

- 1. If the presumptive case has been tested for COVID-19, call Health Link BC at 8-1-1 for guidance. The steps below would still apply, but testing or other actions may also be required.
- 2. Identify any individuals who have been in CLOSE CONTACT with the presumptive case. These individuals should self-isolate for 14 days.

CLOSE CONTACT: means:

- Provided care for the presumptive case without consistent and appropriate use of PPE.
- Lives with the presumptive case.
- Had direct contact with infectious body fluids of the presumptive case (e.g. was coughed or sneezed on)
- Had close contact (within 2 meters) with the presumptive case while the presumptive case had symptoms of COVID-19 without consistent and appropriate use of PPE.

https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/diseases/2019-novel-coronavirus-infection/healthprofessionals/interim-guidance-cases-contacts.html

3. Identify any individuals who have been in NON-CLOSE CONTACT with the presumptive case. These individuals should be monitored for symptoms (including daily temperature checks) for 14 days and should maintain physical distance (2 meters) from other workers, as well as hand washing and cough/sneeze etiquette. If they develop any symptoms they should self-isolate.

NON-CLOSE CONTACT: means:

- Provided care for the presumptive case with consistent and appropriate use of PPE.
- Has had contact with the presumptive case but has not been within 2 meters of the presumptive case while the presumptive case had symptoms of COVID-19.
- 4. Wherever possible, the presumptive case's work crew should work separately from other work crews for 14 days after the presumptive case developed symptoms (e.g. in a different room, on a different shift)
- 5. If any workers who have had close or non-close contact with the presumptive case develop symptoms, then they should also be considered as presumptive cases and the steps should be repeated.

Appendix

- 1. BC "BC COVID-19 Symptom Self-Assessment Tool" https://covid19.thrive.health/
- 2. Alberta Covid-19 self-assessment https://myhealth.alberta.ca/Journey/COVID-19/Pages/COVID-Self-Assessment.aspx
- 3. Manitoba Self-assessment/Screening tool https://sharedhealthmb.ca/covid19/screening-tool/
- 4. Alberta Health Services "How to Use Alcohol-based hand rub" https://www.albertahealthservices.ca/assets/healthinfo/ipc/if-hp-flu-hand-rub-how-to.pdf
- 5. Alberta Health Services "How to Hand Wash" https://www.albertahealthservices.ca/assets/healthinfo/ipc/if-hp-ipc-flu-handwash-how-to.pdf
- 6. Covid-19: Employee Risk Assessment Guide for Supervisors
 https://www.edmonton.ca/documents/PDF/COVID-19 Risk Assessment Supervisor Guidelines.pdf
- 7. Manitoba Covid-19 updates https://www.gov.mb.ca/covid19/index.html
- 8. Government of Canada https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/diseases/coronavirus-disease-covid-19.html
- 9. BC Centre For Disease Control http://www.bccdc.ca/health-info/diseases-conditions/covid-19
- 10. Alberta updates https://www.alberta.ca/coronavirus-info-for-albertans.aspx
- 11. BCCSA Links

https://www.bccsa.ca/index.php?id=454

https://www.bccsa.ca/index.php?id=453

https://www.bccsa.ca/index.php?id=455

https://www.bccsa.ca/index.php?id=451

British Columbia COVID-19 Employee, Sub contractor, Visitor Assessment

Location	:										
Name: _											
Date/Tin	ne:										
(a)	Are you experiencing any of the following: severe difficulty breathing (e.g. struggling to breathe or speaking in										
	single words), severe chest pain, hard time waking up, feeling confused, losing consciousness? 🗌 Yes 🗍 No										
(b)	b) Are you experiencing any of the following: mild to moderate shortness of breath, inability to lie down because										
	of difficulty breathing, chronic health conditions that you are having difficulty managing because of difficulty										
	breathing? 🗌 Yes 🦳 No										
(c)	Are you experiencing cold, flu or COVID-like symptoms, even mild ones? Symptoms include: fever, chills,										
	cough, shortness of breath, sore throat and painful swallowing, stuffy or runny nose, loss of sense of smell,										
	headache, muscles aches, fatigue or loss of appetite. Yes No										
(d)	(d) Have you travelled to any countries outside Canada (including the United States) within the last 14 days?										
	☐ Yes ☐ No										
(e)	Did you provide care or have close contact with a person with confirmed COVID-19? Note: This means you have										
	been contacted by your health authority's public health team. 🔲 Yes 🗌 No										
This questi	onnaire has been answered honestly and to the best of my knowledge.										
Signatur	e:										

Alberta COVID-19 Employee, Sub contractor, Visitor Assessment

Location	:							
Name: _								
Date/Tim	ne:							
(a)	Are you experiencing any of the following: severe difficulty breathing (e.g. struggle for breath, speak in single							
	words), severe chest pain, having a hard time waking up, feeling confused, lost consciousness?							
(b)	Are you experiencing any of the following: shortness of breath at rest, inability to lie down because of difficulty							
	breathing, chronic health conditions that you are having difficulty managing because of your current respiratory							
	illness?							
(c)	In the past 10 days, have you experienced any of the following: fever, new onset of cough or worsening of							
	chronic cough, new or worsening shortness of breath, new or worse difficulty breathing, sore throat , runny							
	nose Yes No							
(d)	Do you have any of the following: chills, painful swallowing, stuffy nose, headache, muscle or joint ache, feeling							
	unwell, fatigue, or severe exhaustion, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea or unexplained loss of appetite, loss of sense							
	of smell or taste, conjunctivitis (pink eye)							
(e)	For a limited time, residents in the Calgary Zone are eligible to be tested even if they have no symptoms. Do							
	you live in the Calgary Zone and would you like to be tested? Yes No							
(f)	In the past 14 days, did you return from travel outside of Canada, or did you have close contact with someone							
	who is confirmed as having COVID-19?							
This question	onnaire has been answered honestly and to the best of my knowledge.							
Signature								

Manitoba COVID-19 Employee, Sub contractor, Visitor Assessment

cation:	
nme:	
ato /Timo.	
te/Time:	
(a) Do you or the person you are inquiring about have any of the following symptoms: severe difficulty breathing	
(e.g. struggling for each breath, speaking in single works), chest pain, confusion, extreme drowsiness, loss of	
consciousness? Yes No	
(b) Do you or the person you are inquiring about have shortness of breath at rest or difficulty breathing when lying	g
down? Yes No	
(c) Do you have a new onset of any of the following symptoms: fever, cough, sneezing, sore throat, runny nose, a	nd
if the patient is an infant, poor feeding and lethargy? Yes No	
(d) Do you have a new onset of 2 or more of any of the following symptoms: runny nose, muscle aches, fatigue,	
loss of taste or smell, headache, hoarse voice, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea for more than 24 hours?	
☐ Yes ☐ No	
(e) Have you been in contact in the last 14 days with someone that is confirmed to have COVID-19?	
☐ Yes ☐ No	
(f) Have you had laboratory exposure while working directly with specimens known to contain COVID-19?	
☐ Yes ☐ No	
(g) Have you been in a setting in the last 14 days that has been identified as a risk for acquiring COVID-19, such as	
on a flight, at a workplace or at an event?	
(h) Have you travelled outside Manitoba in the last 14 days, excluding personal travel to border communities?	
(Note that workers who routinely travel inter-provincially for work and those involved in commercial	
transportation of goods and services are excluded). Yes No	
is questionnaire has been answered honestly and to the best of my knowledge.	
gnature:	